



real-world examples

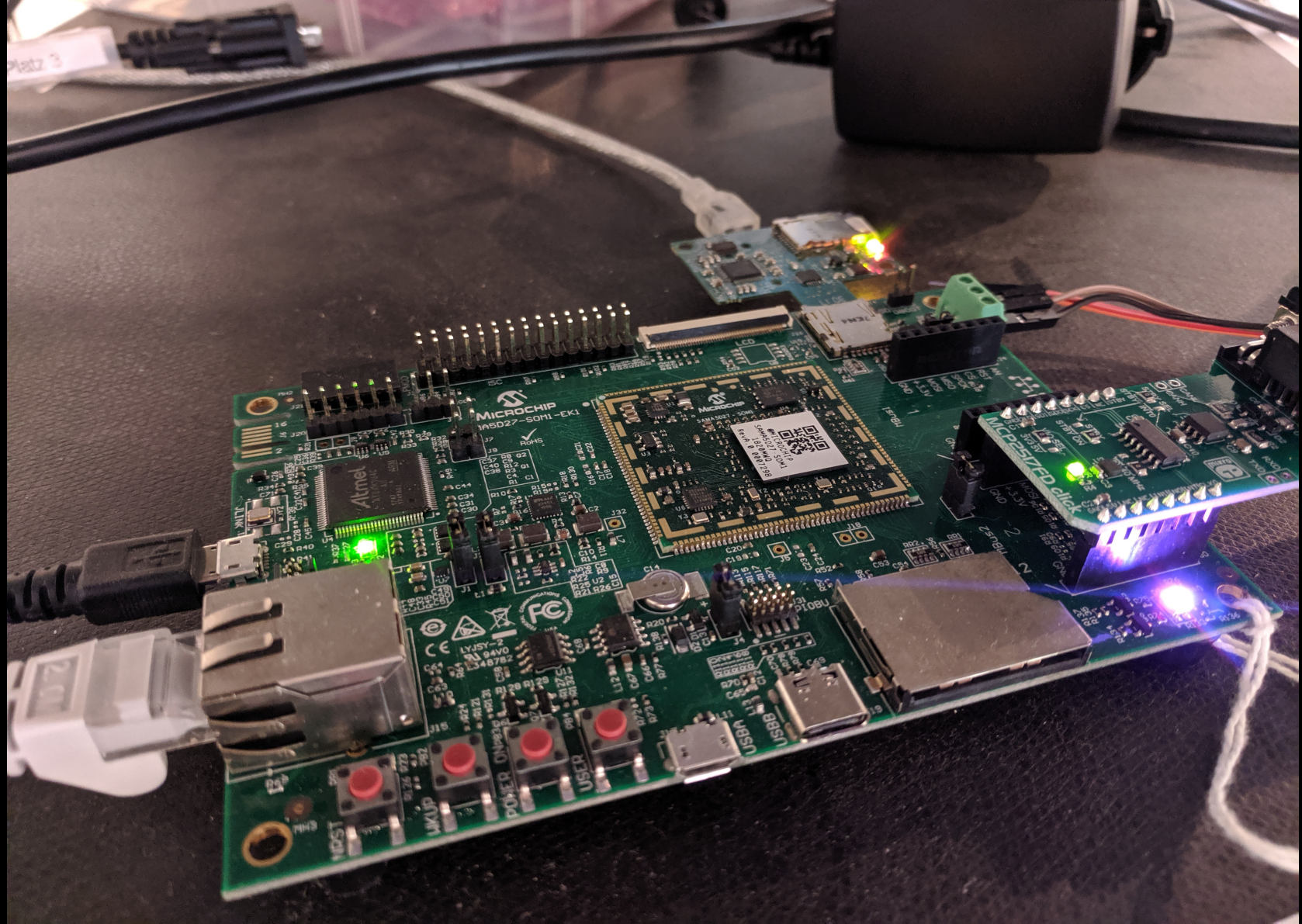
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<https://www.pengutronix.de>



- Short overview of labgrid: scope, use-cases and architecture
- Example: OP-TEE on i.MX6
 - local and remote access
 - automated provisioning ("strategies")
 - testing of: bootloader, OP-TEE init, TA usage under Linux
 - reservations
- controlling diverse hardware

Board Access @ Pengutronix



- Customer sends one board
 - "We want tests as well!"
 - Allow developer access and scheduled CI test runs
- Use existing infrastructure to ease dev tasks
 - Bootstrapping device
 - Booting to Linux (do what's necessary)
 - Reuse test information for board control
- Bootloader Testing
 - Always bootstrap the whole system



- Pytest Interface for tests
 - Reuse pytest fixtures infrastructure
 - Reuse pytest hooks for collection, modification,...
- CLI interface for remote boards
 - Turn board on/off, open console, switch IO, show webcam video, ...
- Infrastructure to reserve and lock boards
 - Only one board for several devs, requiring coordination



Remote Transparent Configuration



- Switching from local to remote should be easy
- Workflow
 - Bringup at desk
 - Put into lab
 - Replace hand-defined resources with RemotePlace
 - ???
 - Done!



Try ~~Something Else~~ Less



- no integrated build system (unlike Fuego)
 - use OE/PTXdist/buildroot instead
- no integrated test runner (unlike LAVA, autotest, many others)
 - use pytest and/or custom scripts
- no test job scheduler (unlike LAVA, Fuego)
 - use Jenkins instead or use from shell
- no fixed deployment / boot process (all? others)
 - full control from client code
- library interface \Rightarrow not only for testing



Layers

Protocol

CommandProtocol

Driver

Bootloader
Driver

Shell
Driver

Console
Driver

/dev/ttyUSB4

Resource

Serial



Exporters and Remote Access



Protocol

CommandProtocol

Driver

Bootloader
Driver

Shell
Driver

Console
Driver

176.16.1.2:2343

Remote Access

Exporter

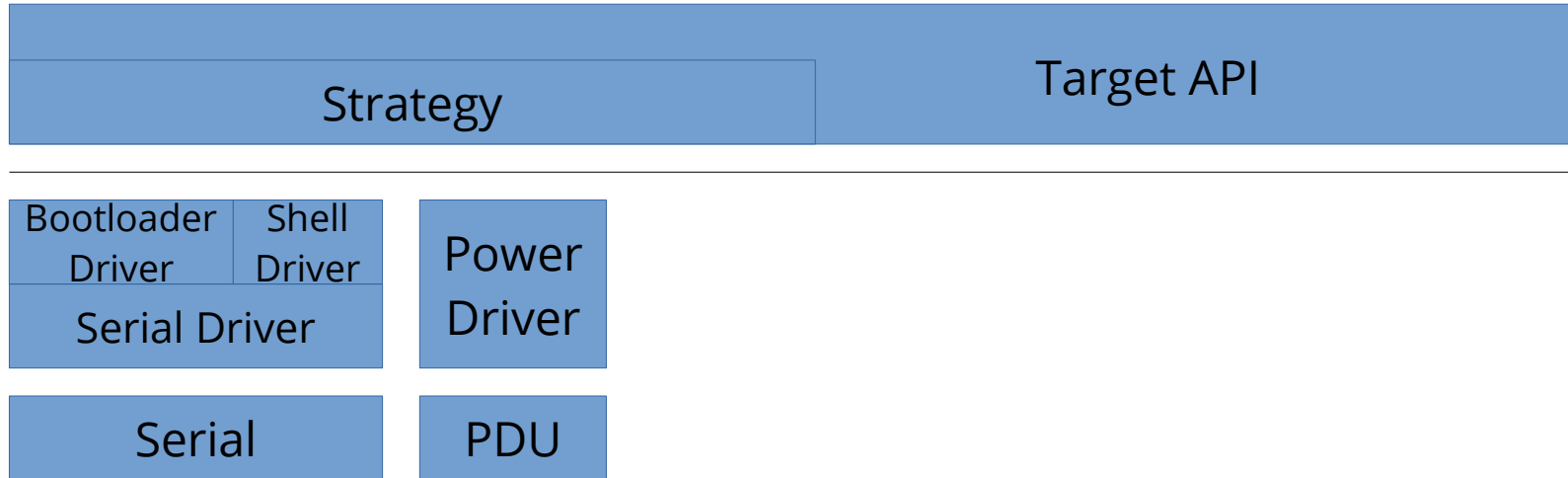
/dev/ttyUSB4

Resource

Serial



Target API



Additional Interfaces

Strategy		Target API			
Bootloader Driver	Shell Driver	Power Driver	Fastboot Driver	Bootstrap Driver	PIO Driver
Serial Driver					
Serial		PDU	Fastboot	USB-Loader	1W-PIO

Basic Configuration



- YAML
- Describes “Targets” with
 - Resources
 - Drivers
- HW/SW-Specific parameters
- The “Environment”

```
targets:
  main:
    resources:
      RawSerialPort:
        port: "/dev/ttyUSB0"
    drivers:
      ManualPowerDriver:
        name: "example"
      SerialDriver: {}
      BareboxDriver:
        prompt: 'barebox@[^:]+:[^ ]+ '
      ShellDriver:
        prompt: 'root@\\w+: [^ ]+ '
        login_prompt: ' login: '
        username: 'root'
      BareboxStrategy: {}
```



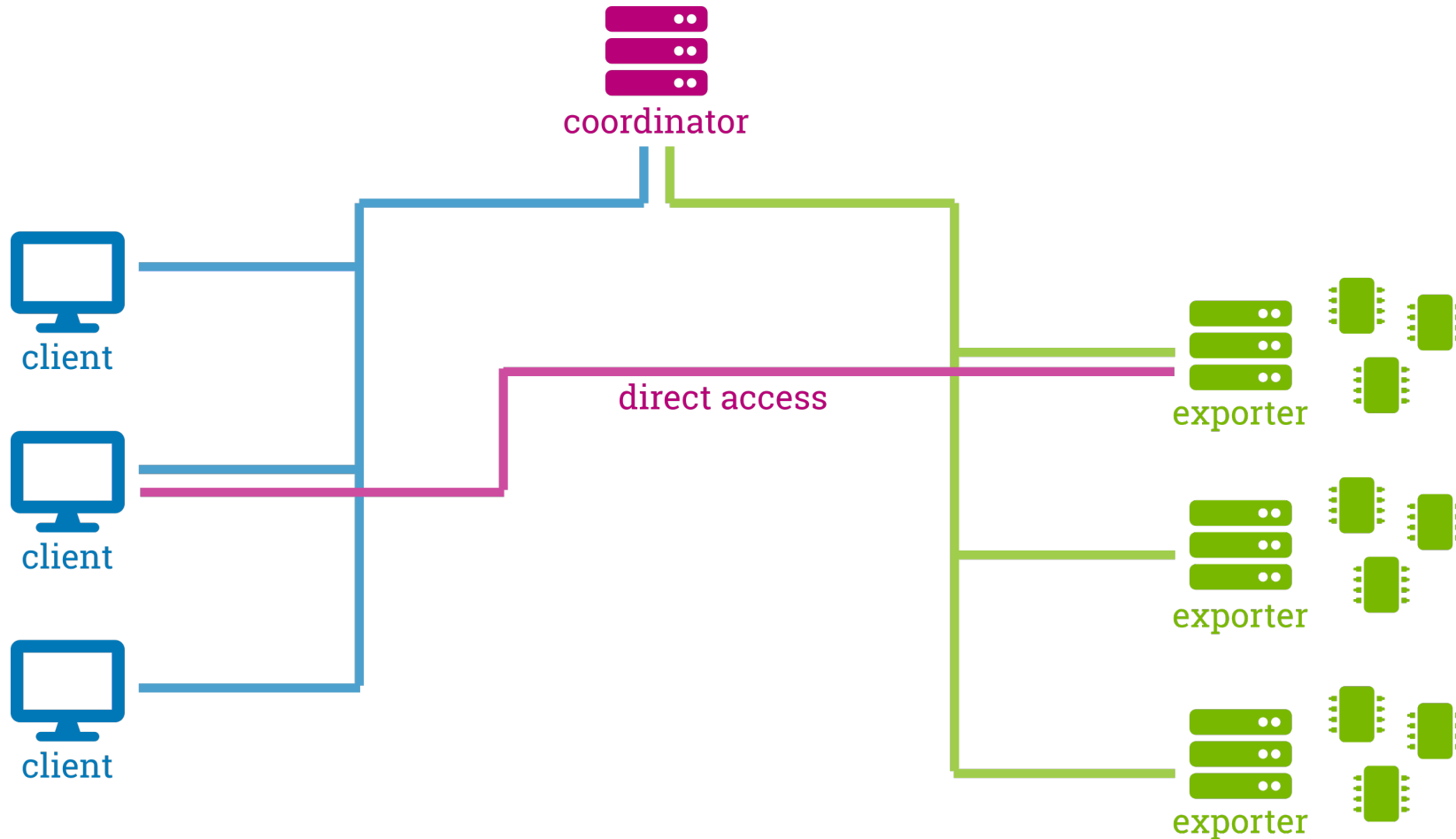
Test Cases in pytest

- Test execution, selection and reporting is provided by pytest
- Fixtures provide access at different levels (command, strategy, target, env)
- pytest (and Python libs) make it easy to prepare test data and analyze results
- Easy to integrate in Jenkins

```
def test_hwclock_rate(command):  
    """Test that the hardware clock rate is not too inaccurate."""  
    result = command.run_check('hwclock -c | head -n 3')  
    hw_time, sys_time, freq_offset_ppm, tick = result[-1].strip().split()  
    assert abs(int(freq_offset_ppm)) < 1000
```



Remote Access



Demo: labgrid-suggest



```
=== existing device ===
USBSerialPort for /devices/pci0000:00/0000:00:14.0/usb1/1-3/1-3.2/1-3.2:1.0/ttyUSB1/tty/ttyUSB1
=== device properties ===
device node: /dev/ttyUSB1
udev tags: seat, systemd, uaccess
vendor: FTDI
vendor (DB): Future Technology Devices International, Ltd
model: USB_Serial_Converter
model (DB): FT232 Serial (UART) IC
revision: 0600
=== suggested matches ===
USBSerialPort:
  match:
    '@ID_PATH': pci-0000:00:14.0-usb-0:3.2
---
USBSerialPort:
  match:
    '@ID_SERIAL_SHORT': FT8WJPE3
---
```



Demo: Local Board



- environment
- interacting with the board

Demo: Remote Board



- labgrid-client, places
- lock/unlock
- power, console

Demo: Automated Provisioning



- labgrid-client -s
- using the strategy for provisioning and for bootloader shell, linux shell



Demo: pytest Test-Cases

- `pytest run`
- simple and more complex test case code

Demo: Reservations



- labgrid-client lock, reserve, unlock other, lock

Test Result

9 failures (+4) , 15 skipped (±0)



207 tests (+6)

[Took 10 min.](#)

[add description](#)

All Failed Tests

Test Name	Duration	Age
+ tests.test_userspace_services.test_wifi_regulatory_domain	2 sec	1
+ tests.test_userspace_services.test_ubihealthd	3.1 sec	1
+ tests.test_userspace_services.test_barebox_healthd	2.1 sec	1
+ tests.test_userspace_services.test_rfkill	16 sec	1
+ tests.test_linux_interfaces.test_network_interfaces	2 sec	2
+ tests.test_linux_interfaces.test_bluetooth_interfaces	1.9 sec	2
+ tests.test_linux_interfaces.test_loaded_modules	2 sec	2
+ tests.test_linux_ecryptfs.test_linux_ecryptfs_dep	4.1 sec	35
+ tests.test_linux_nvmem.test_linux_nvmem_nvstore	20 sec	108

All Tests

Package	Duration	Fail (diff)	Skip (diff)	Pass (diff)	Total (diff)
tests	10 min	9 +4	15	183 +2	207 +6

Pipeline jlu/rauc/status-file

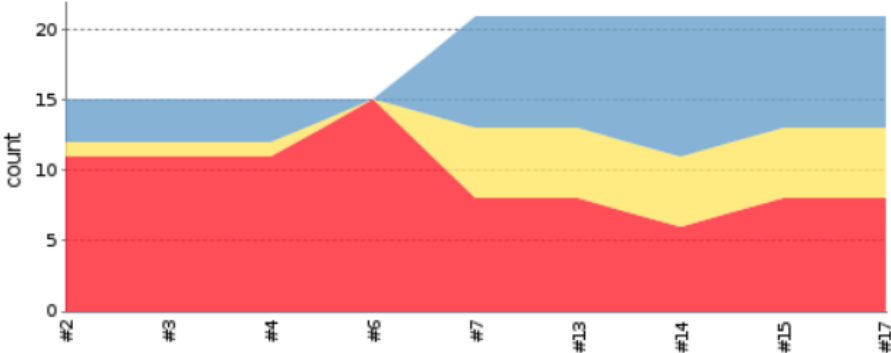
Full project name: integration-tests/combined/jlu%2Frauc%2Fstatus-file



[Recent Changes](#)

Stage View

Test Result Trend



[\(just show failures\)](#) [enlarge](#)

		Declarative: Checkout SCM	SCM	Build ptxdist	Prepare	Build BSP	Test (pytest- barebox)	Test (pytest- shell)	Test (pytest- rauc)	Test (reason)
Average stage times:		18s	4min 42s	20s	24s	17min 23s	6s	43s	59s	45s
#17	Oct 17 17:37 1 commits	2s	11s	18s	32s	23min 49s	6s	1min 38s	2min 12s	2min 4s
#16	Oct 17 12:07 5 commits	31s	1min 15s	33s	37s failed	310ms	81ms	70ms	315ms	207ms
#15	Oct 13 1 commits	981ms	34s	11s	15s	38min 4s	7s	1min 23s	2min 5s	1min 36s



Demo: Other HW



- remote web-cam, PSU, scope
- SSH proxy

Questions? Discussion...

Thanks!



Scripting

```
def check_port(eth):
    command = target[ShellDriver]
    _, _, _ = command.run('arping -I {} 1.2.3.4 -c1'.format(eth))
    stdout, _, ret = command.run('ethtool -S {}'.format(eth))
    if ret:
        return False
    for line in stdout:
        ... parsing ...
        if k == 'good_frames_sent':
            if int(v) == 0:
                return False
    return True

def run_test(target):
    strategy = target[MyBareboxStrategy]
    strategy.transition('off')
    strategy.transition('shell')

    if not check_port('eth0'):
        return False
    if not check_port('eth2'):
        return False
    return True

env = Environment('myboard.yaml')
target = env.get_target()
for i in range(1000):
    if not run_test(target):
        break
```

Autoinstaller

